

## **Questions on 1 Corinthians chapter 10**

- 1. Who were the “fathers” and how were they baptized? Verses 1-2.**
- 2. How were the meat they ate and the drink they drank spiritual? How was the rock Christ? Verses 3-4.**
- 3. They were baptized unto Moses’ leadership, yet they were overthrown. How is this an example to us? Verses 5-6.**
- 4. When did the events mentioned in these verses happen? Verses 7-8.**
- 5. How did Jesus make use of the fiery serpent incident? Who murmured and were destroyed? Verses 9-10.**
- 6. Since these events recited are examples, what do they exemplify? Verses 11-12.**

**7. What has God promised about temptations greater than our ability to bear? Verse 13.**

**8. What is the way of escape from idolatry provided by the Lord? To what ability does Paul appeal for acceptance of this policy? Verses 14-15.**

**9. Why is the cup called “the cup of blessing”? Verse 16.**

**10. What does “communion” mean? What is the significance of the one bread? Verse 17.**

**11. If partaking of a Jewish sacrifice in a holy place is an act of Jewish worship, what would partaking of a heathen sacrifice in a holy place be? Although an idol is nothing, would it still be real idolatry? Verses 18-19.**

**12. If a Christian unintentionally participates in sacrifice to demons, is he in communion with them? Does Paul mean it is physically impossible to drink both the cup of the Lord and the cup of demons? Verses 20-21.**

**13. If we provoke the Lord to jealousy, what will happen? Verse 22.**

**14. What are some things that might be lawful but not expedient? Verse 23.**

**15. What is to be the Christian's habitual practice toward his neighbor? Verse 24.**

**16. What does Paul tell the Corinthians to do about meat sold in the market place? Verse 25.**

**17. What is the meaning of Paul's explanation about why no enquiry is necessary about meat sold in the market place? Verse 26.**

**18. What should a Christian do if invited to eat a meal in a private house? Verse 27.**

**19. What should a Christian do if invited to eat and is specifically told the meat had been offered to idols? Verse 28.**

**20. Whose conscience is under consideration? What good could come from the strong Christian exercising his liberty? Verse 29.**

**21. In such a case, why would the strong be evil spoken of? Verse 30.**

**22. What principle should regulate the decisions of the Christian life? Verse 31.**

**23. In keeping with this rule, why did Paul refuse support in Corinth, refuse to lead about a believing wife, and refuse to eat meat sacrificed to idols? Verse 32.**

**24. What was Paul's chief consideration? Verse 33.**